

# 2024 **S3 ELEMENTARY MATH** WA1 MATH (EXPRESS) **KRANJI** SECONDARY SCHOOL

## **DETAILED SOLUTIONS**

Detailed solutions are crafted following the methods taught at Thinker Education and are offered as a guiding reference. Any logically sound mathematical answers are accepted.

For Thinker parents, the respective levels' blank question papers and detailed solutions have been uploaded to Teams.

For others, please Whatsapp us at 9831 9770 to obtain the question papers for your child to practise.



## 3 EXP

## **KRANJI SECONDARY SCHOOL**

## WEIGHTED ASSESSMENT 1 2024 MATHEMATICS SYLLABUS 4052

Level	:	Secondary Three	Date	:	Feb 2024	
Stream	:	Express	Duratio	n :	45 minutes	
Name Class	:	DETAILED SOLUTIONS ( ) Secondary 3	Marks	:	30	
READ TH	HES	SE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST:			*	
Do not open this question paper until you are told to do so.						
Write your name, class and register number in the spaces at the top of this page. Write in dark blue or black pen. You may use HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. Answer all questions.						
Give non-exact numerical answers correct to three significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question. The use of an approved scientific calculator is expected, where appropriate. You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.  The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.						
	of t	he marks for this paper is 30.				

This question paper consists of  $\underline{9}$  printed pages, including the cover page.

[Turn over]

### Mathematical Formulae

Compound Interest

Total amount = 
$$P\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

Mensuration

Curved surface area of a cone =  $\pi rl$ 

Surface area of a sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 

Volume of a cone = 
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Volume of a sphere = 
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Area of triangle 
$$ABC = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$$

Arc length =  $r\theta$ , where  $\theta$  is in radians

Sector area = 
$$\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta$$
, where  $\theta$  is in radians

Trigonometry

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Statistics

$$Mean = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$$

Standard deviation = 
$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \left(\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}\right)^2}$$

Answer all the questions.

Factorise completely 2ap + 10p - aq - 5q.

Answer (4+5)[2]-9) [2]

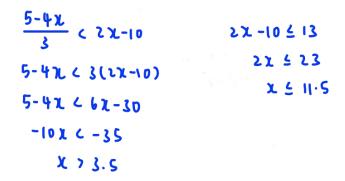
## Hyebraic Fractions & Formulae (SZ) (b) It is given that $a = \frac{4b-3c}{6-b}$ .

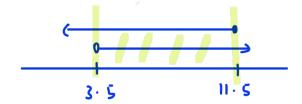
Express b in terms of a and c.

$$a(6-b) = 4b-3c$$
 $6a-ab = 4b-3c$ 
 $4b+ab = 6a+3c$ 
 $b(4+a) = 6a+3c$ 
 $b = \frac{6a+3c}{4+a}$ 

60+36

Simultaneous linear Inequalities  $\frac{5-4x}{3} < 2x - 10 \le 13$ .





Hence, write down the smallest prime number(s) that satisfy (b)  $\frac{5-4x}{3} < 2x - 10 \le 13.$ 

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Answer		

3 (a) Express  $x^2 - 4x + 8$  in the form  $(x - p)^2 + q$ , where p and q are constants.

= 
$$(x-2)^2 + 4$$
  
=  $(x-2)^2 + 4$   
=  $(x-2)^2 + 4$ 

Answer 
$$(\lambda-1)^2+\Psi$$
 [2]

(b) Use your result in (a) to explain why  $x^2 - 4x + 8 = 0$  has no real solution.

Answer

$$(\chi-z)^2 + \psi = 0$$
  
 $(\chi-z)^2 = -\psi$   
Since  $(\chi-z)^2 \ge 0$ ,  $(\chi-z)^2 \ne -\psi$ ,  
 $\therefore \chi^2 - \psi \chi + g = 0$  has no real solution.

[1]

(c) State the minimum value of  $x^2 - 4x + 8$ .

: minimum value = 4

Answer  $\Psi$  [1]

(d) Write down the equation of the line of symmetry of the graph  $y = x^2 - 4x + 8$ .

Quadratic & Fractional Equations 2 4 Express as a single fraction in its simplest form  $\frac{2}{x+5} + \frac{5}{x^2-25}$ .

$$\frac{2}{\chi + \varsigma} + \frac{\varsigma}{(\chi + \varsigma)(\chi - \varsigma)}$$

$$= \frac{2(\chi - \varsigma) + \varsigma}{\chi^2 - 2\varsigma}$$

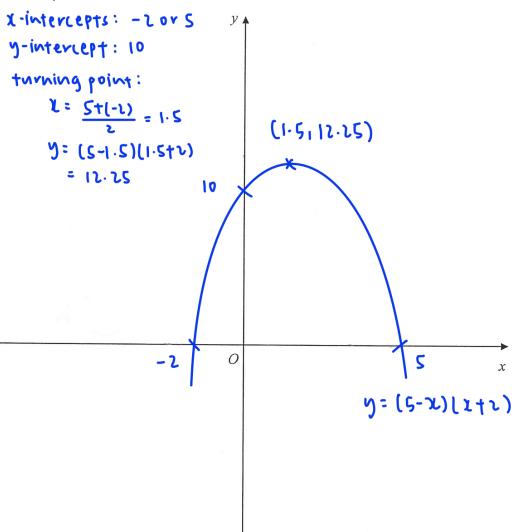
$$= \frac{2\chi - 10 + \varsigma}{\chi^2 - 2\varsigma}$$

$$= \frac{2\chi - \varsigma}{\chi^2 - 2\varsigma}$$

### QUAdratic & Fractional Equations

Sketch the graph of y = (5 - x)(x + 2) on the axes below. Indicate clearly the values where the graph crosses the axes and the coordinates of the turning point.

Shape:



### RUNdratic & Fractional Equations

- 6 Two train stations A and B are 300 km apart. At 0800 hours, a train leaves A and travels to B at a constant speed of x km/h.
  - (a) Write down, in terms of x, an expression for the number of hours it takes this first train to reach B.

(b) At the same time, a second train leaves *B* to travel to *A* at constant speed. The trains pass each other at 1000 hours. Find, in terms of *x*, the speed of the second train in km/h.

(c) The first train takes 15 minutes less than the second train to complete the 300 km journey. Write down an equation in x to represent this information and show that it reduces to  $x^2 + 2250x - 180000 = 0$ .

Answer

$$\frac{300}{150-x} - \frac{300}{x} = \frac{15}{15}$$

$$\frac{300(x) - 300(150-x)}{x(150-x)} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{1500x - 45000 + 300x}{x(150-x)} = \frac{1}{150x-x}$$

$$\frac{1500x - 180000 = 150x-x}{x(150-x)}$$

(d) Solve the equation  $x^2 + 2250x - 180000 = 0$ , giving both answers correct to 2 decimal places.

$$x = -2250 \pm \sqrt{(2250)^{2} + (4800000)}$$

$$z(1)$$

$$= -2250 \pm \sqrt{5782500}$$

$$z$$

$$= 77.341 or -2327.3414$$

$$= 77.34 (24p) = -2327.34 (24p)$$

Answer 
$$x = \frac{77.34}{000} = \frac{-1317.34}{000} = [3]$$

(e) Find the time the first train takes to arrive at *B*. Give your answers in hours and minutes, to the nearest minute.

time taken = 
$$\frac{300}{17.341}$$
  
= 3.8789 h

:. 3h 53 min